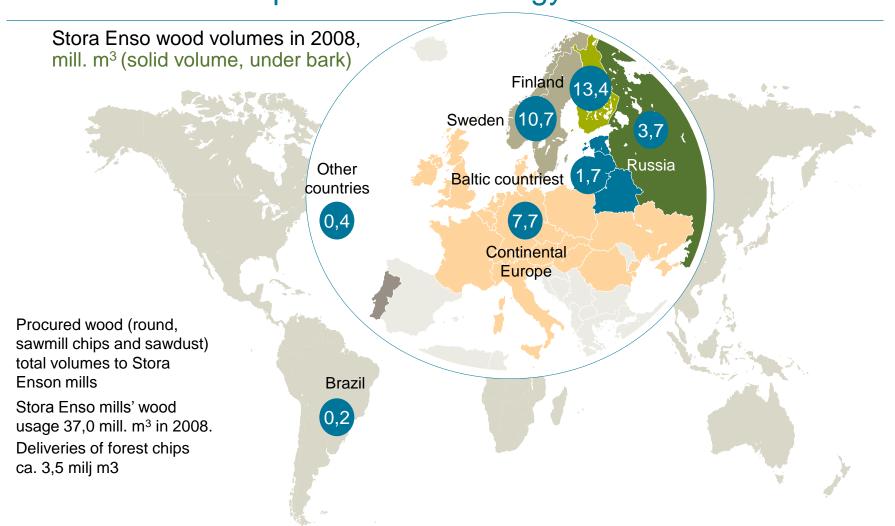


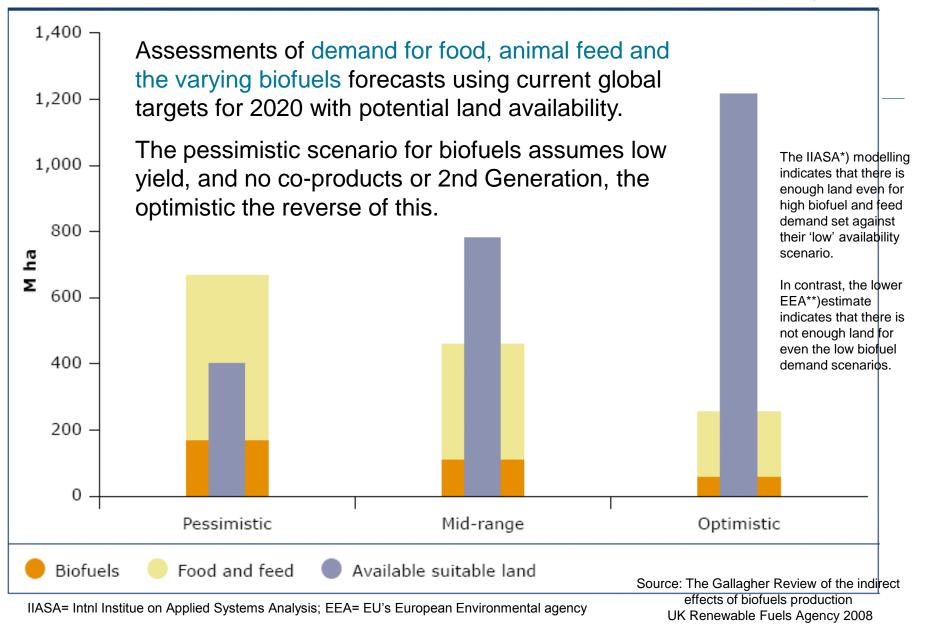


Aspects on Biomass availability and usage

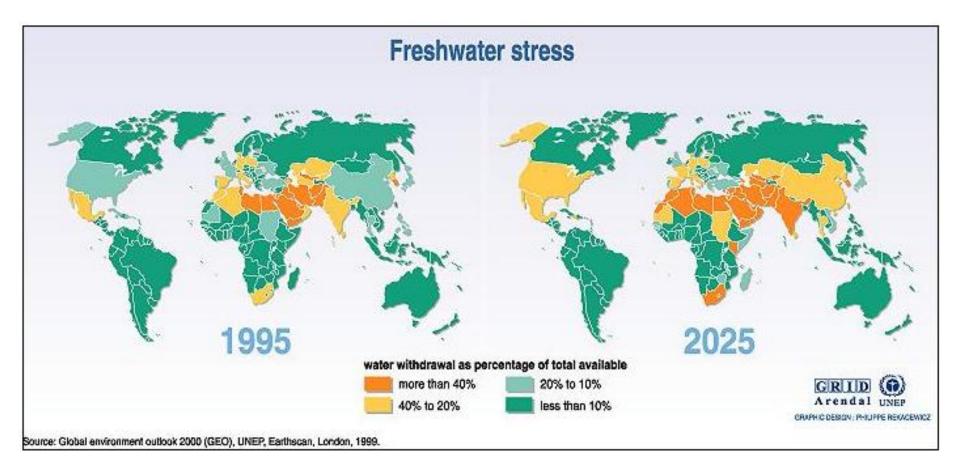
Knowledge-based bio-economy 14 Sep 2010 Timo Heikka Stora Enso Oyj Stora Enso procurement of forest biomass storAENSC Targeting the greatest total efficiency of biomass usage for products and energy



Global land availability and requirements









Demand for agricultural land - One of the most

significant drivers of deforestation

Increased demand for land for food and feed (200-500 million hectares by 2020) continue to cause a greater proportion of landuse change than the additional land demand for biofuels, which is estimated to be between 56-166 million hectares.

Biofuels - use only about 1% of current arable land

Their marginal effects may be more important, particularly in specific high risk locations, with huge releases of soil carbon from peat or loss of high value conservation areas

Biofuels have the potential to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the transport sector if land-use change can be avoided

> Source: The Gallagher Review of the indirect effects of biofuels production UK Renewable Fuels Agency 2008



Land suitable for agri or biofuel expansion Big variation in estimates due to complexity of issue

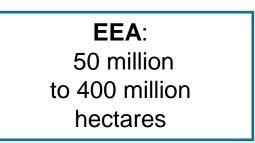
"Idle land":

- Former or current agricultural land that will not otherwise be used for food production
- Land that is potentially suitable for agricultural production

"Marginal" or degraded land:

- Land unsuited for food production, e.g. with poor soils or harsh weather environments
- Areas that have been degraded, e.g. through deforestation.

IIASA: 790 million to 1,215 million hectares

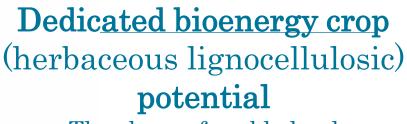


Source: The Gallagher Review of the indirect effects of biofuels production UK Renewable Fuels Agency 2008

IIASA= Intnl Institue on Applied Systems Analysis; EEA= EU's European Environmental Agency







The share of arable land available of the total land surface, %

0% - 6.5% 6.5% - 12% 12% - 17% 17% - 31%

> 31%

Source: Refuel WP 3 Final report Jan 2008



Hierarchy for best use of biomass

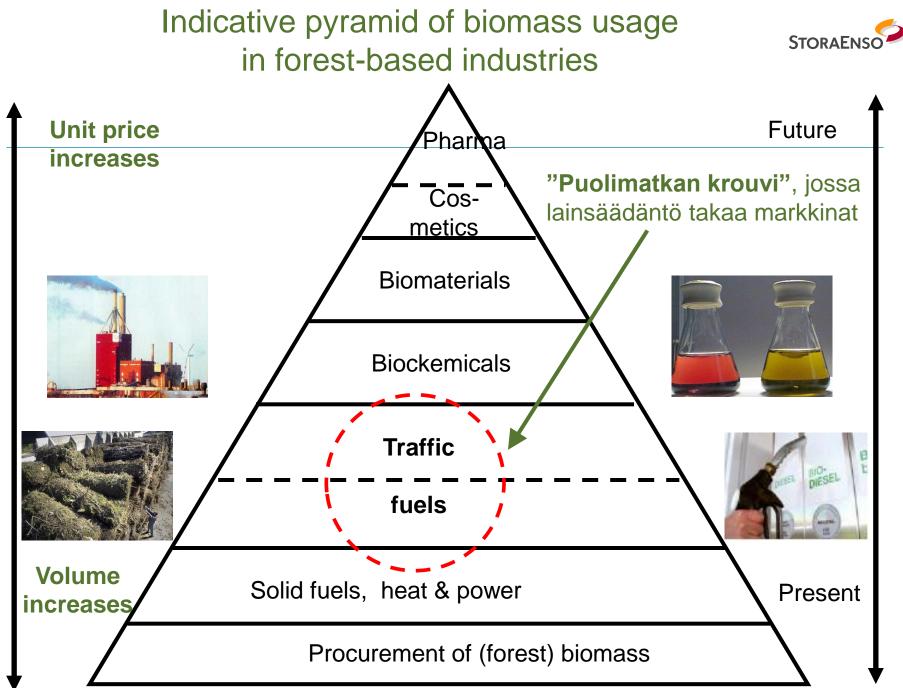
according to David Morris, VP Institute for Local Self-Reliance

BEST: Chemicals and biopolymers, and pulp and paper

Sufficient plant matter must be available (most important). Focus should be on High price sector. Basic R&D foundation must exist.

NEXT BEST: Energy from biomass Heating at high efficiency (80%). Transport fuels, stores chemical energy. Electricity should be primary "fuel" for transportation.

WORST: Electricity from biomass as it is outperformed by wind &solar.



Expecting an interesting discussion !

